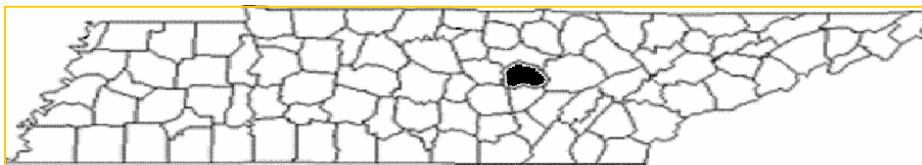


The Status of Women in White County



STATUS OF WOMEN IN WHITE COUNTY: AN OVERVIEW

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INDICATOR	DATA	COUNTY RANKING
		(of 95 Counties)
COMPOSITE EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS INDEX	45.80	43
Women's Annual Earnings	\$20,346	67
Women's Earnings as a Percentage of Men's Earnings (Wage Gap)	76.2%	19
Women's Labor Force Participation Rate	43.1%	34
Female Unemployment Rate	6.8%	61
Women in Managerial or Professional Occupations	27.1%	48
COMPOSITE ECONOMIC AUTONOMY INDEX	61.63	80
Businesses that are Women-Owned (% of total)	13.3%	83
Women with a Four-Year College Degree (%)	6.1%	91
Women With a High School Diploma (%)	66.2%	68
Female High School Dropout Rate	4.5%	25
Women with any Kind of Health Insurance Coverage (%)	88.0%	79
Women Earning Incomes Below the Poverty Level (%)	14.9%	39
Single Female-Headed Households Living In Poverty (%)	8.7%	36
Adolescent Pregnancy Rate (Ages 10-19)	38.6	72

Report Overview: This publication on the Status of Women in White County is part of a statewide publication of the Tennessee Economic Council on Women, *The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties, 2004*. The Economic Council on Women is a State agency created under TCA § 4-50-100, et seq. by the One Hundredth General Assembly in 1998 to address the economic needs of Tennessee women.

The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties

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Women have taken remarkable strides towards economic equality, from education to earnings to political participation. Women are now pursuing goals such as business ownership, leadership roles in their careers, and election to state and federal political office. However, obstacles still exist in the climb toward equality. Nationwide, equal numbers of men and women are obtaining four-year college degrees; however, these gains have not translated into pay equity. The average college-educated woman working full time earns \$44,200 a year compared to \$61,800 for men in the same category. Women are still under-represented in many of the highest paying, fastest growing sectors of the economy. Helping women break into these traditionally male-dominated areas like computer science, engineering, mathematics and technology, as well as all skilled-labor positions, gives women tools for self-sufficiency and understanding of their personal capabilities, and these advances are good for the economy of our counties and of our state.

Employment and Earnings

The employment and earnings index includes data on women's annual earnings, the earnings gender gap, female labor force participation rate, the female unemployment rate, and the percent of women in managerial or professional occupations.

- ◇ Women in White County have median annual earnings of \$20,346, about \$6,000 less than the median for their male counterparts.
- ◇ In White County 43.1% of women participate in the labor force and women comprise 46.1% of the county's workforce. The female unemployment rate in the county (6.8%), though lower than the overall White County unemployment rate (6.2%), is significantly higher than the national rate.
- ◇ Among all working individuals in White County, 18.8% work in managerial or professional occupations, but among women, that percentage increases significantly to 27.1%.

Economic Autonomy

The economic autonomy index includes information on educational attainment, business ownership and general quality of life issues.

- ◇ White ranks in the bottom 25 counties in four of the eight economic autonomy indicators.
- ◇ 66.2% of women have a high school diploma or equivalency and 64.8% of all county residents have a high-school level degree.
- ◇ Only 6.1% of women in White County have a four-year college degree, but 7.9% of all county residents have such a degree. While slightly higher percentages of women have a high school diploma, higher percentages of men have a bachelor's degree.
- ◇ 14.9% of women earn income below the poverty level in White County and close to 300 female-headed families are living in poverty within White County.
- ◇ Though 11.2% of all families are in poverty in the county, the percentage rises to 26.9% for families with a female householder and no husband present.
- ◇ Though they represent 13.3% of the county's private firms, women-owned businesses account for just 0.7% of the total sales and receipts of privately-owned companies in White County.
- ◇ About 20 percent of elected county officials are women.

The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties

WHITE

		White County	Rank of White County	Highest Ranking County
Earnings	Median Annual Earnings for FT Females	\$20,346	67	Williamson: \$32,243
	Wage Gap	76.2%	19	Davidson: 82.1%
Employment	Female Labor Force Participa- tion Rate	43.1%	34	Rutherford: 50.9%
	Female Unemployment Rate	6.8%	61	Pickett: 1.5%
	Percent of Employed Females in Management, Prof., and Related Occupations	27.1%	48	Anderson: 44.6%
	Women Owned Business % of Total	13.3%	83	Moore: 63.3%
Education	% of Females with 4 Year Degree or Better	6.1%	91	Williamson: 39.5%
	% of Females with High School Diploma (or equiva- lency)	66.2%	68	Williamson: 90.6%
	Female Dropout Rate	4.5%	25	Clay/Pickett: 0.0%
Lifestyles	% of Women with any kind of Health Insurance Coverage	88.0%	79	Williamson: 100%
	% of Women Living Below Poverty Level Incomes	14.9%	39	Williamson: 5.4%
	% of all Female Headed Households with Children in Poverty	8.7%	36	Williamson: 2.5%
	Rate of Pregnancy of Girls Aged 10-19 per 1000	38.6	72	Williamson: 1.2

ABOUT THE COUNCIL AND THIS REPORT

White County

The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties report offers an economic profile of women in each county of Tennessee and examines how women's rights and equality vary among the counties. The report presents data and overall rankings in two categories of women's economic status: employment and earnings and economic autonomy. Indicators of women's status in each category make up the composite rankings of the counties.

The employment and earnings section presents data on women's annual earnings, the earnings gender gap, female labor force participation rate, the female unemployment rate, and the percentage of women in managerial occupations.

The economic autonomy section includes information on the percentage of businesses owned by women, educational attainment levels, percentage of households headed by a single female, single female headed households living in poverty, percentage of women with health insurance, the high school dropout rate and the teen pregnancy rate.

The **Tennessee Economic Council on Women** was created in 1998 by the Tennessee General Assembly to assess Tennessee women's economic status. The Council develops and advocates solutions to address women's needs in order to help women achieve economic autonomy. In setting its priorities, the Council selects issues that are timely and likely to result in positive changes for women.

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Visit the Tennessee Economic Council on Women at www.tennesseewomen.org

SOURCES	
Earnings and Employment	
Median Annual Earnings for Full Time Employed Females	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Wage Gap (Female Earnings as a Percentage of Earnings)	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Female Labor Force Participation Rate	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Female Unemployment Rate	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Percent of Employed Females in Management, Professional, and Related Occupations	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Economic Autonomy	
Women-owned Business, Percent of total	Economic Census, 1997
Percent of Females w/4yr Degree or Better	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Percent of Females with a High School Diploma (or equivalency)	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Female Dropout Rate	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Percent of Women with Any Kind of Health Insurance Coverage	Tennessee Department of Health, 2002
Percent of Women Living Below Poverty Level Incomes	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Percent of all Female Headed Households with Children in Poverty	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Rate of Pregnancy of Girls Aged 10-19 per 1000	Tennessee Department of Health, 2002
Voter Demographics and Elected County Officials	National Association of Counties